Property Tax Statistics

Local Property Tax

Vacant Homes Tax

and Residential Zone Land Tax

(Published October 2025)



Local Property Tax (LPT)

The Finance (Local Property Tax) (Amendment) Act 2021 introduced a new structure for LPT from 2022 onwards. LPT for the years 2022 to 2025 will be based on property values on 1 November 2021. Residential properties are valued for LPT purposes, by their owners under self-assessment, into one of 20 valuation bands.

For properties where a return has previously been made, the same valuation continues for 2025, and the owner must put payment arrangements in place unless the payment arrangement rolls over. Newly liable properties must base their submission on the market value of their property as if it was eligible on 1 November 2021.¹

Throughout this report, newly liable properties refer to properties that have been completed or became suitable for use as a dwelling between 2 November 2023 and 1 November 2024 and are submitting their first LPT return for LPT year 2025.

Returns and/or payments are filed and up to date in respect of 2,033,145 properties

97% Return Compliance

Filing arrangements have been finalised in respect of 209,350 Local Authority and Approved Housing Body properties and are included in the figure shown above.

95.12% Payment Compliance

Payment arrangements are in place for 7,980 properties where returns are not yet filed and are included in the figure shown above.

Revenue 🕠

¹ Revenue has published discount factors which these taxpayers can use to estimate the value of their property on the valuation date of 1 November 2021.

LPT Table 1: Revenue's Engagement with Property Owners and Collections² for 2025



² The monetary figures in Table 1 refer to tax collected while the monetary figures in Table 2 refer to the tax liability. The collection figure at a point in time is dependent on the payment method chosen e.g., annual direct debit, Deduction at Source (DAS). €44.8 million from Deduction at Source (DAS) is included in the €480m. All Taxpayer collection figure for LPT year 2025. However, it is not possible at present to separately identify the DAS for Newly Liable properties, so there is no DAS included in the €7m Newly Liable collection figure.

³ 1,458,919 private and public owners refer to those who filed returns and/or those who made payments but filed no returns. This number is also inclusive of Local Authorities (LA) and Approved Housing Bodies (AHB). Revenue updated its methodology in Q4 2024, which resulted in an increase in the number of Exemptions claimed relative to older statistical reports.
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Property Tax Statistics

LPT Table 2: Local Authority Analysis of LPT Properties and Liabilities

| Properties | All | Newly Liable for 2025 | LA/AHB⁴ |
|----------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|---------|
| Carlow | 1.2% | 0.7% | 1.5% |
| Cavan | 1.5% | 0.5% | 1.3% |
| Clare | 2.7% | 1.3% | 1.9% |
| Cork City | 4.4% | 4.2% | 6.8% |
| Cork County | 7.1% | 6.7% | 5.5% |
| Donegal | 3.7% | 0.9% | 2.9% |
| Dublin City | 12.2% | 13.0% | 17.8% |
| Dun L/Rathdown | 4.8% | 11.5% | 3.4% |
| Fingal | 5.7% | 6.3% | 4.9% |
| Galway City | 1.7% | 1.3% | 1.7% |
| Galway County | 3.7% | 1.8% | 1.9% |
| Kerry | 3.5% | 0.9% | 2.8% |
| Kildare | 4.4% | 6.0% | 4.3% |
| Kilkenny | 1.9% | 1.7% | 1.9% |
| Laois | 1.6% | 2.0% | 1.9% |
| Leitrim | 0.8% | 0.2% | 0.6% |
| Limerick | 4.0% | 2.5% | 3.6% |
| Longford | 0.9% | 0.2% | 1.3% |
| Louth | 2.6% | 3.7% | 3.4% |
| Mayo | 3.0% | 0.7% | 1.6% |
| Meath | 3.8% | 5.3% | 3.1% |
| Monaghan | 1.2% | 0.5% | 1.1% |
| Offaly | 1.4% | 1.2% | 1.4% |
| Roscommon | 1.4% | 0.6% | 0.9% |
| Sligo | 1.5% | 0.5% | 1.4% |
| South Dublin | 5.3% | 12.0% | 6.8% |
| Tipperary | 3.3% | 1.4% | 3.4% |
| Waterford | 2.6% | 2.1% | 3.4% |
| Westmeath | 1.8% | 1.8% | 1.4% |
| Wexford | 3.3% | 2.7% | 3.2% |
| Wicklow | 2.9% | 4.8% | 3.2% |
| All Councils | 100% | 100% | 100.0% |
| Number of Properties | 2,033,145 | 25,839 | 209,350 |

| Liability to-date for LPT year 2025 | All (€m) |
|---|-------------|
| Carlow | 4 |
| Cavan | 5 |
| Clare | 11 |
| Cork | 65 |
| Donegal | 11 |
| Dublin | 213 |
| Galway | 29 |
| Kerry | 15 |
| Kildare | 30 |
| Kilkenny | 9 |
| Laois | 6 |
| Leitrim | 2 |
| Limerick | 18 |
| Longford | 3 |
| Louth | 11 |
| Mayo | 10 |
| Meath | 22 |
| Monaghan | 4 |
| Offaly | 6 |
| Roscommon | 5 |
| Sligo | 6 |
| Tipperary | 13 |
| Waterford | 12 |
| Westmeath | 8 |
| Wexford | 15 |
| Wicklow | 22 |
| All Counties | 555 |

| Liability to-date for LPT year 2025 ⁵ | All (€m) | Newly Liable for 2025 (€m) |
|---|-------------|-------------------------------|
| Carlow | 4 | 0.05 |
| Cavan | 5 | 0.03 |
| Clare | 11 | 0.09 |
| Cork City | 26 | 0.34 |
| Cork County | 39 | 0.58 |
| Donegal | 11 | 0.07 |
| Dublin City | 86 | 1.08 |
| Dún L/Rathdown | 54 | 1.11 |
| Fingal | 42 | 0.65 |
| Galway City | 11 | 0.09 |
| Galway County | 18 | 0.15 |
| Kerry | 15 | 0.07 |
| Kildare | 30 | 0.56 |
| Kilkenny | 9 | 0.15 |
| Laois | 6 | 0.14 |
| Leitrim | 2 | 0.01 |
| Limerick | 18 | 0.21 |
| Longford | 3 | 0.02 |
| Louth | 11 | 0.22 |
| Mayo | 10 | 0.07 |
| Meath | 22 | 0.35 |
| Monaghan | 4 | 0.03 |
| Offaly | 6 | 0.08 |
| Roscommon | 5 | 0.03 |
| Sligo | 6 | 0.05 |
| South Dublin | 31 | 0.86 |
| Tipperary | 13 | 0.07 |
| Waterford | 12 | 0.15 |
| Westmeath | 8 | 0.13 |
| Wexford | 15 | 0.21 |
| Wicklow | 22 | 0.83 |
| All Local Authorities | 555 | 8.50 |



⁴ This is All LA/AHB Properties i.e. includes Newly Liable LA/AHB for 2025. ⁵ €555 million is the LPT liability, with €480 million (recorded in Table 1) collected to date. Page 4

LPT Table 3: Analysis of Properties and Returns

| Payment Method | All | Newly Liable for 2025 |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|
| Annual or Monthly Direct Debit | 45.8% | 63.6% |
| Credit or Debit Card | 28.2% | 29.7% |
| Deduction at Source | 15.0% | 6.1% |
| Service Provider | 9.5% | 0.6% |
| Cheque or Cash | 1.5% | 0.1% |
| All Payment Methods | 100% | 100.0% |
| Number of Properties | 2,033,145 | 25,839 |

| Property Ownership | Number of Owners | Percentage |
|--------------------|---------------------|------------|
| 1 | 1,285,219 | 88.09% |
| 2 | 122,721 | 8.41% |
| 3 | 26,937 | 1.85% |
| 4 | 9,784 | 0.67% |
| 5-9 | 10,686 | 0.73% |
| 10-19 | 2,296 | 0.16% |
| 20-49 | 835 | 0.06% |
| 50-99 | 203 | 0.01% |
| 100 or greater | 238 | 0.02% |
| All Ownership | 1,458,919 | 100.00% |

| Exemptions Claimed to date | All | Newly Liable for 2025 |
|--|--------|-----------------------|
| Charitable recreational activities | 0.6% | |
| Charity/Public Body owned for special needs | 74.4% | * |
| Defective concrete blocks grant scheme | 2.6% | |
| Fully subject to commercial rates | 3.9% | * |
| Long term illness | 7.6% | |
| Pyrite damaged | 3.5% | |
| Registered nursing home | 0.6% | |
| Residence of a severely incapacitated individual | 6.6% | * |
| North-South implementation bodies | 0.1% | |
| All Exemptions Claimed | 100.0% | 100% |
| Number of Properties | 38,048 | 214 |

| Deferrals | All | €m | Newly Liable for 2025 | €m |
|-------------------------|--------|-----|--------------------------|-------|
| Deceased liable person | 5.2% | 0.2 | 0.0% | 0.000 |
| Financial hardship | 0.1% | 0.0 | 0.0% | 0.000 |
| Gross income** | 85.6% | 2.3 | 73.3% | 0.012 |
| Insolvent liable person | 2.5% | 0.1 | 1.3% | 0.000 |
| Mortgage** | 6.5% | 0.2 | 25.3% | 0.004 |
| All Deferrals Claimed | 100% | 2.8 | 100% | 0.016 |
| Number of Properties | 13,249 | | 76 | |

^{**}Includes partial and full deferrals.

Deferral and exemption categories are explained on the Revenue website.

| Owner Type | Estimated Owner Percentage | Estimated Liability Percentage |
|----------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Individual | 99% | 81% |
| Company | <1% | 11% |
| Unincorporated | <1% | 5% |
| Partnership | <1% | <1% |
| Trust | <1% | 2% |
| Total | 1,458,919 | €555m |

^{*}Exact number is not provided due to Revenue's obligation to protect taxpayer confidentiality and Revenue's statistical disclosure protocols.



Vacant Homes Tax (VHT): 2nd Chargeable Period

Vacant Homes Tax (VHT) is an annual self-assessed tax introduced in the Finance Act 2022. VHT applies to properties which are residential properties for the purposes of Local Property Tax (LPT) and have been used as a dwelling for less than 30 days in a chargeable period. VHT will not apply if the property is derelict or uninhabitable, was sold in the chargeable period, is subject to a qualifying tenancy, or is exempt from LPT for 2025. In addition, several exemptions to VHT can be claimed as part of the VHT return.

The second chargeable period for VHT is 1 November 2023 to 31 October 2024. A return must be filed within 7 days of the end of the relevant chargeable period. For the second chargeable period, VHT is set at a rate equal to five times the property's standard LPT rate, that is, the LPT rate for the relevant band before any Local Authority Adjustment factor.

The following table is a high-level overview of the VHT returns received to-date for the second chargeable period. VHT returns are open to amendment by the filer and as such the underlying numbers may fluctuate. This information is provisional and will be revised.

VHT Table 1: Summary Statistics

| Chargeable Period 2: 1 Nov 23 - 31 Oct 24 | As at 20/10/25 |
|---|----------------|
| Total properties declared as vacant | 3,353 |
| Of which: liable for Vacant Homes Tax | 2,301 |
| exempt from Vacant Homes Tax | 1,052 |
| Total liability to Vacant Homes Tax | €2.22m |



Property Tax Statistics

Residential Zoned Land Tax

The Finance Act 2021 introduced Part 22A Residential Zoned Land Tax (RZLT) into the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997 ("TCA 1997").

RZLT is a self-assessed annual tax which is calculated at 3% of the market value of land within its scope. It applies to land which is zoned for residential use and is serviced and identified on maps published by Local Authorities, but which is not a residential property. RZLT aims to prompt residential development by incentivising landowners to activate existing planning permissions, or to engage with planning authorities to seek planning permission in respect of relevant land.

As of 30 September 2025, there have been 2,433 registrations for RZLT and 2,002 RZLT returns filed. Of these filed returns, 160 have claimed an exemption and 585 have requested a deferral. The declared liability to date is €119.9 million of which €76.4 million is deferred.

The tables on the following pages provide breakdowns of RZLT Returns by Local Authority, Deferrals and Exemptions. An abatement may be claimed following a claim for deferral, as such underlying numbers may fluctuate. This information is provisional and may be revised.



Table 1: RZLT Registrations by Local Authority

| Local Authority | Number of Registrations |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| Carlow | <10 |
| Cavan | 38 |
| Clare | 59 |
| Cork City | 109 |
| Cork County | 153 |
| Donegal | 74 |
| Dublin City | 238 |
| Dun Laoghaire Rathdown | 104 |
| Fingal | 171 |
| Galway City | 64 |
| Galway County | 67 |
| Kerry | 95 |
| Kildare | 94 |
| Kilkenny | 67 |
| Laois | 70 |
| Leitrim | <10 |
| Limerick | 205 |
| Longford | 13 |
| Louth | 90 |
| Mayo | 57 |
| Meath | 127 |
| Monaghan | 42 |
| Offaly | 32 |
| Roscommon | <10 |
| Sligo | 31 |
| South Dublin | 82 |
| Tipperary | 67 |
| Waterford | 83 |
| Westmeath | 78 |
| Wexford | <10 |
| Wicklow | 100 |
| All | 2,433 |



Table 2: RZLT Returns by Local Authority

| Local Authority | Number of Returns | Total Hectares Declared | Liable Hectares Declared* | Liability €m | Collections €m | Collections from Local Authorities |
|---------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|---|
| | | Decialed | | | | €m |
| Carlow | <10 | - | - | - | - | 0 |
| Cavan | 37 | 52.3 | 51.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | 0 |
| Clare | 44 | 92.4 | 79.2 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.2 |
| Cork City | 85 | 192.4 | 173.2 | 6.4 | 1.9 | 0 |
| Cork County | 133 | 369.4 | 324.8 | 5.8 | 3 | 0.6 |
| Donegal | 52 | 76.3 | 64.7 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.3 |
| Dublin City | 173 | 374.1 | 328.7 | 25.0 | 8.7 | 3.1 |
| Dun Laoghaire Rathdown | 78 | 128.7 | 117.9 | 16.6 | 3.4 | 0.8 |
| Fingal | 139 | 402.2 | 365.7 | 21.5 | 6.9 | 0 |
| Galway City | 52 | 80.4 | 78.6 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 0.6 |
| Galway County | 51 | 89.7 | 76.3 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 0.3 |
| Kerry | 75 | 141.4 | 107.7 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 0.7 |
| Kildare | 70 | 141.5 | 133.7 | 4.6 | 1.7 | 0.3 |
| Kilkenny | 54 | 64.4 | 58.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 0.2 |
| Laois | 47 | 69.7 | 60.4 | 1.2 | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| Leitrim | <10 | - | = | - | - | 0 |
| Limerick | 184 | 143.1 | 142.2 | 2.9 | 2 | 0.5 |
| Longford | 12 | 11.6 | 10.9 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0 |
| Louth | 81 | 98.6 | 95.8 | 1.6 | 0.3 | 0 |
| Mayo | 52 | 89.2 | 76.6 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.3 |
| Meath | 108 | 166.7 | 161.9 | 4.7 | 1.6 | 0.6 |
| Monaghan | 39 | 41.1 | 32.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| Offaly | 31 | 55.4 | 55.4 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.1 |
| Roscommon | <10 | - | - | - | - | 0 |
| Sligo | 29 | 19.9 | 19.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.2 |
| South Dublin | 72 | 154.4 | 149.8 | 9.7 | 3.7 | 0.8 |
| Tipperary | 55 | 98.5 | 85.0 | 0.5 | 0.4 | 0.2 |
| Waterford | 75 | 134.5 | 132.0 | 1.7 | 0.9 | 0.2 |
| Westmeath | 69 | 148.2 | 148.2 | 2.9 | 0.9 | 0.2 |
| Wexford | <10 | - | - | - | - | 0.1 |
| Wicklow | 86 | 137.4 | 130.0 | 4.8 | 1.3 | 1 |
| All** | 2,002 | 3,596.70 | 3283 | 119.9 | 43.2 | 11.6 |

^{*}Excluding exempt



^{**}Includes redacted total for Carlow, Leitrim, Roscommon, and Wexford.

<10 - Exact number is not provided due to Revenue's obligation to protect taxpayer confidentiality and Revenue's statistical disclosure protocols.

Table 3: RZLT Deferrals Claimed

| Deferral Reason | Liability Deferred €m | Number of Deferrals |
|--|--------------------------|---------------------------|
| Residential Development Commenced | 63.4 | 413 |
| Planning Permission Granted | 9.4 | 111 |
| Submission against inclusion on a map | 2.6 | 34 |
| Appeal by unconnected party against planning* | | |
| Rezoning process commenced due to rezoning submission* | 1.1 | 27 |
| Application to regularise development* | | |
| Deferral Totals | 76.4 | <i>585</i> ⁱ |

^{*}Grouped due to low claim numbers

Table 4: RZLT Exemptions Claimed

| Exemption Reason | Market Value of Exemptions €m | Number of Claims |
|---|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Exemption Due to Zoning Change | 43.9 | 121 |
| Exemption Due to Judicial review | 101.8 | 20 |
| Exemption for period of relevant Contract | 34.6 | 19 |
| Exemption Totals | 180.4 | 160 |

¹ There are approximately 10 sites with a deferral that have claimed an abatement.



Further Information

Information on the operation of LPT and VHT is available on www.revenue.ie. Revenue's online LPT valuation guidance map is available here and information on how to value a property is provided here.

Detailed information on RZLT is available at:

www.revenue.ie/en/tax-professionals/tdm/income-tax-capital-gains-tax-corporation-tax/part-22a/22a-01-01.pdf.

Statistical updates on Property Taxes are available here.

The statistics in this release are based on analysis of returns filed, payments, and other related information as of October 2025. Please note that rounding may affect figures displayed.

A technical paper describing Revenue's analysis of property valuations for LPT 2022-2025 is available here.

Queries of a statistical nature in relation to Property Taxes can be sent to statistics@revenue.ie. Media queries should be directed to revpress@revenue.ie in the first instance.

Any queries in respect of RZLT published maps should be addressed to the relevant Local Authority. Further information in respect of same can be found here.

Due to Revenue's obligation to protect the confidentiality of taxpayer data, as provided for in Section 851A of the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997, it is not possible to provide data where there are low number of taxpayers involved.

Further detail is available in Revenue's Statistical Disclosure Control Protocol published on the Revenue website at:

https://www.revenue.ie/en/corporate/information-about-revenue/statistics/about/statistical-disclosure-control.aspx

