[19.06.02B] Capital Gains Tax
Revised entrepreneur relief

1. Section 597AA (inserted by the Finance Act 2015) introduced a revised relief for entrepreneurs disposing of certain business assets. It provides that a 20% rate of CGT applies in respect of a chargeable gain or chargeable gains on a disposal or disposals of qualifying business assets on or after 1 January 2016 up to a lifetime limit of €1m. A qualifying business is a business other than the holding of securities or other assets as investments, the holding of development land or the development or letting of land. The relief applies to individuals only.

2. The qualifying business assets must have been owned by that individual for a continuous period of 3 years in the 5 years immediately prior to the disposal of those assets. In this connection, periods of ownership by spouses cannot be aggregated for the purpose of the 3-year continuous ownership condition. Neither can periods of ownership of assets before and after incorporation of a business (e.g. periods of ownership of assets of a business carried on by a sole trader or partners in a partnership and shares in a company that carries on the business previously carried on by the sole trader or partnership).

3. The relief does not apply to the following assets:
   - shares, securities or other assets held as investments
   - development land
   - assets on the disposal of which no chargeable gain would arise
   - assets personally owned outside a company, even where such assets are used by the company.

4. Where a business is carried on by a company, individuals seeking to qualify for the relief must own not less than 5% of the ordinary shares in the qualifying company or 5% of the ordinary shares in a holding company of a qualifying group. A holding company means a company whose business consists wholly or mainly of the holding of shares of all companies which are its 51% subsidiaries. A qualifying group means a group where the business of each 51% subsidiary (other than a holding company) consists wholly or mainly of carrying on a qualifying business. This means that relief would not apply where there is a dormant company in a group or where one of the subsidiaries is not a trading company.

5. The individual must have been a director or employee of the qualifying company (or companies in a qualifying group) who is or was required to spend not less than 50% of his or her time in the service of the company or companies in a managerial or technical capacity and has served in that capacity for a continuous period of 3 years in the 5 years immediately prior to the disposal of the chargeable business assets.
6. Any period during which an individual owned shares in or was a director or employee of a company that qualified for relief under Section 586 or 587 will be taken into account for the purpose of the 3-year continuous ownership requirement and for the purpose of determining whether an individual was a director or employee of a company for the relevant period.

7. The revised relief in Section 597AA supersedes the relief in Section 597A, which was the relief that applied before the introduction of the revised relief in the Finance Act 2015, as regards disposals made on or after 1 January 2016. However, relief under Section 597A will apply where the amount of relief available under that section would be greater than the amount of relief available under Section 597AA.

8. Subject to the conditions attaching to the relief being met, the relief can apply in the following situations:

**Share buybacks**
Relief can apply where the share buyback is within the charge to CGT.

**Company liquidations**
Relief can apply on the liquidation of a company, provided the company was carrying on a qualifying business up to the time the liquidator was appointed and the liquidation was completed within a reasonable period of time. For this purpose, Revenue will regard a period of 2 years as being reasonable.

**Double holding company structures**
Relief can apply in a double holding company structure where a holding company holds another holding company which, in turn, holds a trading company. In this connection, Section 9(1)(a) refers to more than 50% of the ordinary share capital of a company being owned directly or indirectly by another company.

**Partnership assets**
Relief can apply to the interest of an individual in the assets of a partnership in which he or she is a partner, where those assets were used for the purposes of a qualifying business carried on by the partnership and the individual was actively involved in the business.

Created September 2016