

#### **PSDA Corrections workshop**

Summary Findings 6<sup>th</sup> March 2017

# Background

# Stakeholder Design Workshops

As part of the PAYE Modernisation Project Revenue is engaging with external stakeholders to contribute to the design process. The main aims of this engagement are to:

- Gain insight into customers' business processes
- Gain greater knowledge of pain points of the current system
- Identify and resolve any potential design issues from the outset ensuring practicality and reduction in administrative burden
- Provide transparency to the design process for all
- Gain buy-in from key stakeholders
- Overall, optimise design, implementation and success of the programme by using stakeholder expertise

## Stakeholder Design Workshops

- The first set of design workshops with the PSDA was held on the 24<sup>th</sup> and 25<sup>th</sup> of January.
- On 6<sup>th</sup> March another workshop was held with the PSDA. This was to specifically look at how to handle corrections in the new system.

## **Stakeholder Corrections Workshop**

- The topics covered were:
  - Error in a full submission
  - Overpayments/underpayments
  - Incorrect PPSN
  - Pay date
  - Clerical errors
  - Year to date
  - General corrections

# Error in a full submission

This discussion centred around how to handle a replacement of a full submission:

- Suggestion that this was unlikely to happen.
- Concerns over sending a deletion for the original submission and a new submission rather than a replacement.

## **Overpayments/Underpayments**

This discussion centred around how to handle overpayments and underpayments to an employee:

- Most payroll operators adjust YTD and keep a note of the change for audit purposes. Some will submit a negative amount for overpayments. Not all systems currently allow for negative pay.
- Payroll systems 'follow the money' meaning they calculate PAYE, PRSI, USC based on the pay in the current payroll. Prior weeks are not currently corrected.
- DSP PRSI rules are complex.

#### **Incorrect PPSN**

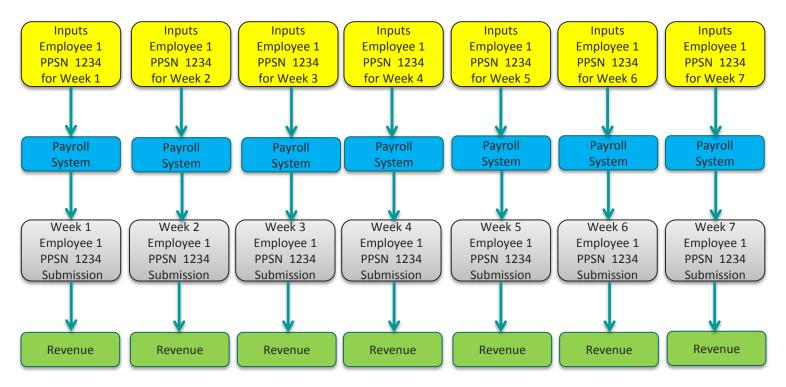
This discussion centred around how to handle correcting reports that had the wrong PPSN for an employee:

- Incorrect PPSNs could be incorrect for several pay periods before it is discovered.
- PPSN doesn't matter to payroll a payroll number is used.
- PPSN may not be stored on payroll records it may be stored on a separate employee file and linked to the wages file.
- Suggestion that a 'previous PPSN' data item could be included in the employer submission.

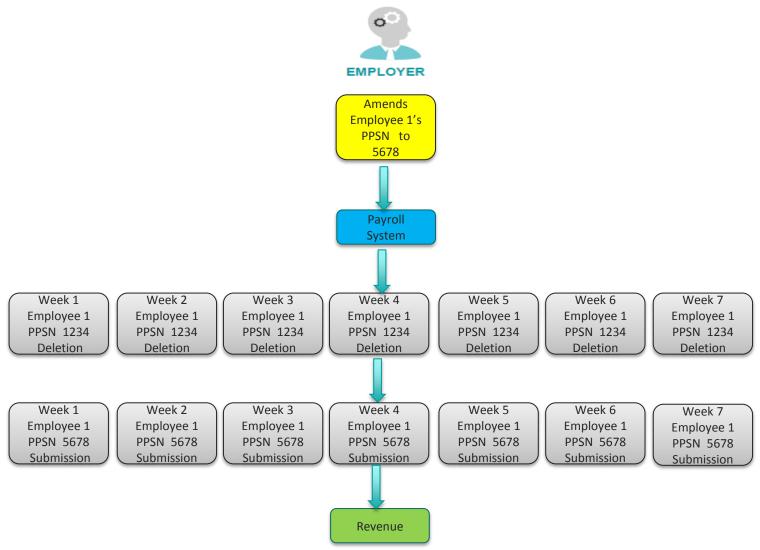
- Employers have no way of knowing if the PPSN an employee provides is correct.
- Where PPSN not available, works number is mandatory. There will likely be a limit to the number of submissions that could be made without a PPSN.
- Once the correct PPSN is supplied, it will be necessary to delete the submission for all previous reports using the incorrect number and send a new submission to replace each of these deleted submissions. The next 2 slides demonstrate how this could be done.

## Employer inputs Week 1 -7 Pay Events for Employee 1 using the wrong PPSN





# Employer amends Employee 1's PPSN in the Payroll System



#### **Incorrect Pay Date**

This discussion centred around how to handle incorrect pay dates:

 The definition of 'pay date' needs to be clarified particularly where the pay date is due to fall on a bank holiday.

# **Clerical Errors**

This discussion centred around how to handle clerical errors:

- If fields are not significant then do they warrant several corrections? To be considered
- Not every system holds historical data because the only obligation after payment date is P30, P35 and P60. It is only held for recovery purposes.
- Concerns about how an employer could make amendments for a pay period where the employee has worked elsewhere in the interim.

- PSDA would prefer a different way of dealing with nonmonetary corrections.
- Correction marker would be required in the payroll system as otherwise operator would not know if the payment is a correction or not.

# YTD (Year to date)

There was a lot of discussion around the use of YTD figures:

- YTD amounts are needed if the employer is moving from one payroll provider to another.
- YTD amounts are fundamental to payroll operators.
- Payrolls don't always store payment records but just correct whatever period is current using YTD amounts.
- YTD totals can show to employers that the amount of pay is correct but they could miss sending a single payroll submission and not notice it YTD figure will show up a missing pay period.

- Recording 'Pay Year to Date' plus 'Pay in the Period' will help identify errors.
- Is it possible for a submission to send both current payments and YTD amounts? To be considered
- All operators have YTD figures but not all have full historical data.

# **General Corrections**

There was discussions about corrections in general:

- Sending acknowledgement receipt of transactions ASAP is critical.
- The acknowledgement receipt needs to hold details e.g. totals of what was submitted.
- There can be a delay between when the original submission is made and the subsequent correction.
  Original, deletion, new submission chronology must be maintained.
- There was a suggestion that corrections would require the full payroll report to be re-submitted and not at employee level.

## **Next Steps**

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- Summary of discussions to be circulated
- Further feedback via payemodernisation@revenue.ie or PSDA Chairman
- The next PSDA workshop is scheduled for 20<sup>th</sup> March which will focus on the Technical Architecture.
- Design workshops scheduled with other stakeholders including members of the Irish Tax Institute (ITI), Chartered Accountants Ireland (CAI) and pension providers.
- Ongoing engagement between Revenue and DSP working through impacts and opportunities of PAYE Modernisation, including taxation of benefits and PRSI reporting and collection.