Meeting Topic	Customs Consultative Committee
Attendees – In Person	Revenue Commissioners – Florance Carey
	(Chairperson), Declan O'Dalaigh, Celine O'Neill,
	Justin McNally (Secretary)
	John Dawson - IIFA
	Nicky Duggan - Intel
	Pat Ivory - IBEC
	Dave Browne – Customs IT
	Department of Foreign Affairs – Cahal Sweeney,
	Aileen Murray
Attendees - Virtual	Revenue - Carol Ann O'Keeffe
	Department of Agriculture, Food, and the
	Marine – Sally Hare – Rob Doyle
	Department of Transport – Eddie Burke
	Bord Bia
	IGFA
	InterTradeIreland
	BDO
	Irish Exporters ICT Ireland
	IAIEC
	ICS
	IRHA
	International Trade Institute
Secretary	Justin McNally – Customs Division – Revenue
Date of Meeting	23 February 2023
Venue	Bishop Square Dublin – Conference Room
Introduction	The Chair welcomed everyone to the meeting
	in person and also online.
	The minutes of the last meeting of CCC held on
	2 December 2022 were approved.
	The Chair briefly discussed the pre-Christmas
	outage of the AIS system and apologised for the
	outage and the impact that it had on business
	at such a busy time of the year and thanked
	members for their assistance and patience in
	managing the issue. The Revenue IT team have
	identified the issue and have implemented
	procedures to prevent a reoccurrence. Work on
	correcting any resulting outstanding issues is
	ongoing.
CCC Membership Format	First item discussed was the re-draft of the
	membership criteria on foot of the
	questionnaire that was sent out to members in
	advance of this meeting.
	On Question 1 to have 'hybrid meeting with in-
	person and virtual attendees contributing'.
	Discussion with attendees agreeing that hybrid
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	meetings are excellent and would like this option to continue. However, members agreed that an in-person meeting would be very useful
	also. Members suggested having 1 meeting in the year that is in-person only. Agreed to resurvey members on this option.
	On the question of frequency, the overall opinion is to have 4 meetings per year.
	On question 3 regarding meeting attendance. The results of the survey were split evenly. Consensus was that to keep the discussions at a strategic level, contributions should be made through representative bodies. So while attendees could increase by increasing virtual attendees, questions and contributions should only come though the designated members. This is essential to maintain the consultative purpose of the CCC.
	Action: Revenue to issue another survey on Question 1. Action: Revenue to draft revised membership rules bases on discussion and survey and circulate to members in advance of next CCC
Customs IT Developments– Presentation by Carol Ann O'Keeffe (Revenue)	Firstly, in regard to the AIS outage in December which occurred due to database maintenance issues, procedures are now in place to ensure this maintenance work is done on a continuous basis mitigating the possibility of this issue recurring. Revenue expressed appreciation for stakeholders' patience in dealing with the outage.
	Fallout from the outage is being handled by dedicated teams in Revenue including one team engaging with declarants who had 'in flight' declarations. The temporary manual procedure introduced to handle urgent refunds has now been replaced by a system solution. Traders were advised that they can now amend/invalidate historical declarations and, where relevant, apply for a refund through AIS in the usual manner.
	Revenue is upgrading the AIS customs accounting system on 1 March. This upgrade will allow trade to automate the generation of accounts reports using a newly developed API. Alternatively, trade can access the new service

and generate and download reports based on
parameters they input.
Revenue is introducing the EU Customs CERTEX
Single Window on a phased basis with the final
phase going live on 28 February. This phase will
involve validation of the CN code and the
quantity at the time of presentation of the
goods. On the quantity management, CERTEX
does not allow for any tolerance –
An example of this is where the CHED
has .9kg and the declaration has 1kg,
this would fail as there is .1kg over the
stated weight on the CHED. Recent
analysis shows that there are
consignments that will fail the
validation once we go live. To mitigate
this Revenue are engaging with those
traders to minimise delays at clearance.
AES is scheduled to go live on the 21 March
2023. We were originally scheduled to go live in
January, but the EU introduced some
mandatory changes to the specifications which
resulted in a change to our implementation
date.
ICS2 – R2 for general air cargo is scheduled to
go live on the 1 March 2023.
NCTS-P5 is scheduled to go live in August.
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Question from Customs IT rep regarding the
interactions of AEP and AES. As the systems are
independent of each other there are no dual
running issues. Where an export declaration is
submitted to AEP during the transition period
the exit should be notified to us via the
manifest into AEP. Where an export declaration
is submitted to AES during the transition period
the notification of exit should be notified to
Revenue via AES using the MRN.
Revenue will have some temporary solutions in
place during the transition period for trade who
cannot comply with this requirement.

Carbon Border Adjustment Mechanism	The Commission and the Parliament finalised
Carbon Border Adjustment Mechanism (CBAM) – Presentation by Declan O'Dalaigh (Revenue)	<ul> <li>The Commission and the Parliament finalised the provisional text of the CBAM Regulation on 20 December 2022. Key decisions included <ul> <li>Agreement of the transition period - 1st October 2023 – 31st December 2025</li> <li>De minimis of €150</li> <li>Inclusion of hydrogen</li> <li>Implementation using a hybrid model.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Next Steps <ul> <li>Formal Agreement</li> <li>It is expected that the CBAM Regulation will be formally ratified by the end of Q1 2023, once the Emission Trading Scheme (ETS) aspect has</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	been signed off. The current EU ETS allowances features daily auctions. The need to set a clear price for CBAM certificates makes a daily publication excessively burdensome and confusing for operators, as daily prices risk becoming obsolete upon publication. Discussions are ongoing to move publication of CBAM prices to a longer basis e.g. weekly basis, that would accurately reflect the pricing trend of EU ETS allowances released into the market and pursue the same climate objective.
	Outreach Programme It is expected that the EPA will be appointed as the National Competent Authority (NCA). However, this has not occurred as yet. When the NCA is appointed, Customs Division will agree a joint approach for a Trader Outreach programme with them. Based on analysis for 2022 declarations, it is expected that approx. 220 traders will be impacted by CBAM. These importers will have to report quarterly, to the Commission, on their CBAM imports from 1 October 2023 in the transition phase. They will not have to register as an authorised CBAM declarant or purchase the necessary CBAM certificates until the 1 January 2026.
Concerns / issues of members	Members raised the possibility of developments in relation to the proposed Red and Green Lane in Northern Ireland and whether this posed a risk in terms of competition for Irish traders. Revenue outlined that based on the information in the public domain, goods destined for IE i.e. the red lane, would be subject to the same checks as goods arriving through IE ports / airports. There are EU staff in

	NI supervising the control regime and the recent data sharing arrangements with HMRC
	will make this oversight more effective.
	As soon as concrete information on proposals emerge, Revenue will analysis them and
	provide as much information and assistance as
	possible to Irish businesses.
	Members also raised issues regarding goods
	being exported via NI to the UK. They agreed to supply additional information to Revenue on
	the issue for follow up with HMRC.
	Issue in regard to the Northern Ireland Agreement and the operation of CBAM for steel
	was queried by member of the IRHA and what
	effect it will have in the future. Revenue said
	that it is hoped that the UK will have a similar mechanism to the CBAM and that the
	standards would align. Also, to note there are
	ongoing discussions at EU level in regard to Northern Ireland and the operation of CBAM.
AOB	Discussion on the publishing of Training
	Courses for consideration in relation to
	Customs Competency as provided for under Article 27 of the UCC.
	Revenue does not approve Customs courses.
	However, Revenue proposes listing the state agencies that certify courses in Ireland e.g. QQI.
	This will allow businesses check these websites
	for Customs courses. If there are other approval bodies, other than the QQI, details should be
	sent to CCC secretary for listing on the website.
Close and Next Meeting	Meetings are to be increased to 4 times a year
	so next meeting will be in Q2. If members have any item to discuss, please
	email CCC secretary with details for inclusion
	on the agenda.